READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

MARCUS CURTIUS, CIVIS FORTISSIMUS

Antiqui Rōmānī nōn sōlum patriam vehementer amābant sed etiam prō patriā
mortem libenter petere solēbant.

Ölim magna Rīma propter causam ignōtam mediō in forō appāruerat. Civēs
Rōmānī maximē terrēbantur. Illī cōpiam terrae et saxōrum parāvērunt et eam in Rīmam
iēcērunt. Sed frustrā laborāvērunt quod Rīma neque saxīs neque terrā complērī potuit.

Tandem auxiliām a deś quæstītum est. Tum Rōcūrum deōrum īta respondit,
“Maximum bonōrum vestrōrum in illam Rīmam iacē debēt. Tum Rīma complēbitur.”

Inter Rōmānōs erat illī tempore civis fortissimus, nōmine Mārcus Curtius. Illē
dīxit, “Ego scīo maximum bonōrum nostrōrum nōn esse aurum neque gemmās.
Fortis fidēlisque animus civis Rōmānī est maximum bonōrum nostrōrum.”

Deinde in equum ascēdit et in Rīmam lātam equāvit. Simul atque equus et vir
ē cōnspectū Rōmānōrum discesserunt, rīma complētā est.

Postē locus in Forō, ubi Mārcus Curtius prō patriā vitam dedit, ā Rōmānīs Lācus
Curtius appellābātur.

Based on a story from Roman tradition

31. From lines 1-2 we can assume that there will be  A) the construction of a temple to the gods
B) a heroic death  C) the election of a new magistrate  D) an assassination of an elected official

32. According to line 3, the location of the crack was  A) on a building  B) on a statue  C) in a city wall  D) in the marketplace

33. In line 3, appāruerat is best translated  A) has appeared  B) did appear  C) was appearing  D) had appeared

34. Illī, line 4, is best translated  A) To him  B) They  C) For them  D) That

35. The best translation of neque saxīs neque terrā (line 5) is  A) whether with rocks or earth  B) either with rocks or earth
C) with both rocks and earth  D) with neither rocks nor earth

36. According to lines 6-7, what does the oracle advise the Romans to do?  A) plant trees in the crack
B) seek help from the gods  C) throw something very valuable into the crack  D) cover the crack with timber

37. In line 9, the best translation of nōn esse aurum is  A) does not possess gold  B) gold is not able  C) has not been gold
D) is not gold

38. Marcus Curtius asserts in line 10 that the most precious possession is  A) the Roman form of government
B) the beauty of the city of Rome  C) love of the Roman gods  D) the fighting spirit of a Roman citizen

39. How did Curtius prove his claim was true?  A) The gods gave him a sign  B) He rode his horse into the crack.
C) He pointed out the temple in the forum  D) An earthquake instantly closed the crack.

40. At the end of the story we learn that  A) a column was erected to Curtius in the forum  B) the Romans deified Curtius
C) a place in the Forum was named for Curtius  D) an equestrian statue of Curtius was erected